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## Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping

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#### AS ISO 14692.2:2022

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# Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping

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#### **Preface**

This Standard was prepared by the Standards Australia Committee ME-092, Materials, equipment, structures and related services for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries.

The objective of this document is to give requirements for the qualification and manufacture of GRP piping and fittings in order to enable the purchase of GRP components with known and consistent properties from any source.

It is applicable to qualification procedures, preferred dimensions, quality programmes, component marking and documentation.

This document is intended to be read in conjunction with AS ISO 14692.1:2022.

This document is identical with, and has been reproduced from, ISO 14692-2:2017, *Petroleum and natural gas industries* — *Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping* — *Part 2: Qualification and manufacture.* 

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The terms "normative" and "informative" are used in Standards to define the application of the appendices or annexes to which they apply. A "normative" appendix or annex is an integral part of a Standard, whereas an "informative" appendix or annex is only for information and guidance.

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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Processing equipment and systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14692-2:2002), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 14692-2:2002/C or 1:2005.

A list of all the parts of ISO 14692 can be found on the ISO website.

#### Introduction

The objective of this document is to enable the purchase of GRP components with known and consistent properties from any source. Main users of this document will be the principal and the manufacturer, certifying authorities and government agencies.

The qualification programme and the quality programme are the most significant clauses in this document.

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#### Australian Standard®

### Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping

Part 2: Qualification and manufacture

#### 1 Scope

This document gives requirements for the qualification and manufacture of GRP piping and fittings in order to enable the purchase of GRP components with known and consistent properties from any source.

It is applicable to qualification procedures, preferred dimensions, quality programmes, component marking and documentation.

This document is intended to be read in conjunction with ISO 14692-1.

#### 2 Normative references

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ISO 834-1, Fire-resistance tests — Elements of building construction — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 1172, Textile-glass-reinforced plastics — Prepregs, moulding compounds and laminates — Determination of the textile-glass and mineral-filler content — Calcination methods

ISO 4901, Reinforced plastics based on unsaturated-polyester resins — Determination of the residual styrene monomer content, as well as the content of other volatile aromatic hydrocarbons, by gas chromatography

ISO 11357-2, Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) — Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature and glass transition step height

ISO 11359-2, Plastics — Thermomechanical analysis (TMA) — Part 2: Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion and glass transition temperature

ISO 14130, Fibre-reinforced plastic composites — Determination of apparent interlaminar shear strength by short-beam method

ISO 14692-1:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 1: Vocabulary, symbols, applications and materials

ISO 14692-3:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 3: System design

ISO 14692-4:2017, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Glass-reinforced plastics (GRP) piping — Part 4: Fabrication, installation, inspection and maintenance

API 15HR, Specification for high pressure fiberglass line pipe, Fourth Edition

ASME RTP-1-2007, Reinforced thermoset plastic corrosion-resistant equipment

ASTM D638, Standard test method for tensile properties of plastics

ASTM D696, Standard test method for coefficient of linear thermal expansion of plastics between -30 °C and 30 °C with a vitreous silica dilatometer

ASTM D1598, Standard Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure

ASTM D2105, Standard test method for longitudinal tensile properties of "fiberglass" (glass-fiber-reinforced thermosetting-resin) pipe and tube

ASTM D2412, Standard test method for determination of external loading characteristics of plastic pipe by parallel-plate loading

ASTM D2583, Standard test method for indentation hardness of rigid plastics by means of a barcol impressor

ASTM D2992, Standard practice for obtaining hydrostatic or pressure design basis for "fiberglass" (glass-fiber-reinforced thermosetting-resin) pipe and fittings

ASTM D3567, Standard practice for determining dimensions of "fiberglass" (glass-fiber-reinforced thermosetting resin) pipe and fittings

ASTM E1529, Standard test methods for determining effects of large hydrocarbon pool fires on structural members and assemblies

IMO MSC.61(67), Adoption of the International Code for application of fire test procedures

IMO Resolution A.653(16), Fire test procedures for surface flammability of bulkhead, ceiling and deck finsh materials as amended by Resolution IMO MSC.61(67): Annex 1 Part 5

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#### 3 Terms, definitions, symbols and appreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms given in ISO 14692-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

#### 4 Manufacturer's declarations

#### 4.1 Procedure

Prior to the start of the qualification programme, the manufacturer shall declare:

- a)  $G_{XX}$ ;
- b)  $MPR_{xx}$ ;
- c) the long term envelope data points;
- d) the threshold envelope data points;
- e) dimensional data;
- f) baseline values for degree of cure, barcol hardness (GRUP and GRVE only) and glass content, where applicable.

The data shall be based on a standard design life of 20 years. <u>Figure 1</u> provides a flowchart of the procedure for declaring the manufacturer's data.